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Centre number

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Candidate number

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Surname

Forename(s)

Candidate signature

I declare this is my own work.

GCSE SOCIOLOGY

Paper 1 The Sociology of Families and Education

Friday 10 May 2024

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do **not** write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

For Examiner's Use	
Section	Mark
A	
B	
TOTAL	

Information

- The marks for each question are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- Questions should be answered in continuous prose. You will be assessed on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.



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Section A: FamiliesAnswer **all** questions in this section.Only **one** answer per question is allowed.

For each multiple-choice question completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.

CORRECT METHOD



WRONG METHODS



If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.



If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown.

**0 1**

What term is commonly used by sociologists to describe a family in which a man holds power and authority?

[1 mark]**A** Dual career family☐**B** Matriarchal family☐**C** Patriarchal family☐**D** Symmetrical family☐**0 2**

What term is commonly used by sociologists to describe information that is presented in numerical form?

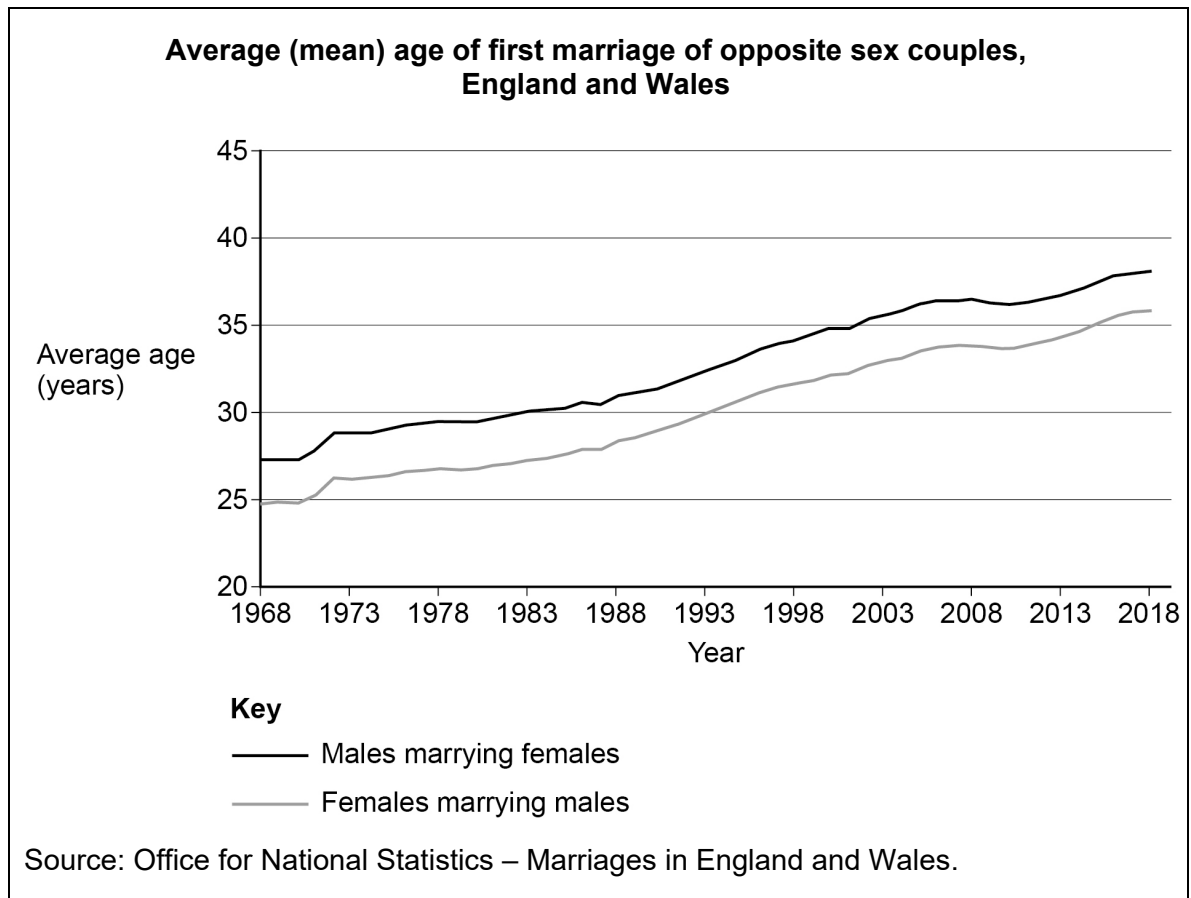
[1 mark]**A** Data analysis☐**B** Data protection☐**C** Qualitative data☐**D** Quantitative data☐

0 3Describe **one** example of primary socialisation.**[3 marks]**

0 4Identify and describe **one** way in which conjugal role relationships may be segregated.**[3 marks]**

Turn over ►

Item A



0 5

From **Item A**, examine **one** strength of the data.**[2 marks]**



0**6**

Identify and explain **one** factor that may have led to a change in the age at which people first marry as shown in **Item A**.

[4 marks]

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



7

[4 marks]

[illegible]

From their research on family life, Christine Delphy and Diana Leonard found that family life was not as symmetrical as Peter Willmott and Michael Young previously suggested. They view the family as a patriarchal institution that serves the interests of men.

Delphy and Leonard used data collected from previous studies. The studies suggested that women were exploited in the family. Women did the bulk of the domestic labour regardless of whether they did paid work outside the home too. Time at home for men was leisure time, whereas time at home for women was also work time. They argue that men benefit most from the family.

Source: Delphy, C, and Leonard, D, Familiar Exploitation, 1992.

From **Item B**, identify and describe **one** way in which Delphy and Leonard believed that women were exploited within the family, including what you know of their perspective on family life.

[4 marks]

[illegible]

9

[4 marks]

[illegible]

[12 marks]

[illegible]

[illegible]

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Turn over ►



[12 marks]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

50

50



Section B: EducationAnswer **all** questions in this section.

- 1 2** What term is commonly used by sociologists to describe when a pupil accepts and acts according to the label that has been given to them by others?

[1 mark]

- A** Self-believing ☐
- B** Self-esteem ☐
- C** Self-fulfilling prophecy ☐
- D** Self-reporting ☐

- 1 3** What term is commonly used by sociologists to describe a system in which individuals' achievements are based on their own talents and efforts rather than their social backgrounds?

[1 mark]

- A** Inclusivity ☐
- B** Meritocracy ☐
- C** Pluralism ☐
- D** Social solidarity ☐

Turn over for the next question**Turn over ►**

1	4
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Describe **one** reason why a parent may choose to home educate their child.

[3 marks]

1	5
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Identify and describe **one** way in which the formal curriculum is different to the hidden curriculum.

[3 marks]



Turn over for the next question

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ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**

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Item C

Glenys Lobban used content analysis to study the way in which gender roles were presented. She studied 179 stories in books used to teach reading in primary schools in the 1960s and 1970s. She found only 35 of these stories had female heroines, compared to 71 that had male heroes. Lobban concluded that boys were presented as more adventurous than girls. Girls were presented as more caring than boys, and as more interested in domestic matters.

More recent research has also found evidence of gender stereotyping. In 1992, Lesley Best and her students conducted content analysis to try and discover whether gender bias in children's books had decreased. These researchers examined a sample of stories from 132 children's books. They found that little had changed. She found only 44 female heroines, compared to 94 male heroes within those books.

Sources: Lobban, G, Data report on British reading schemes, The Times Educational Supplement, 1974. Best, L, Analysis of sex-roles in preschool books, Sociology Review: Philip Allan, 1992.

1	6
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From **Item C**, examine **one** strength of using content analysis to research gender stereotyping in education.

[2 marks]



1

7

Identify and explain **one** way in which gender inequalities may exist in education as shown in **Item C**.

[4 marks]

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



1	8
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Identify and explain **one** disadvantage of using structured interviews to investigate gender stereotyping in schools.

[4 marks]



British sociologist Paul Willis wanted to understand the experience of schooling from the perspective of the students. He chose to study a group of 12 working-class boys. He observed these boys over their last 18 months of school, and their first few months at work. The 12 students formed a friendship group with a distinctive attitude to school. The 'lads', as they were known, had their own counter school subculture, which was opposed to the values promoted by the school.

Source: Willis, P, Learning to Labour, 1977.

[4 marks]

[illegible]

2	0
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Identify and explain **one** advantage of using observations to investigate pupil subcultures.

[4 marks]



[12 marks]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Turn over ►



[12 marks]

[illegible]

[illegible]

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END OF QUESTIONS



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